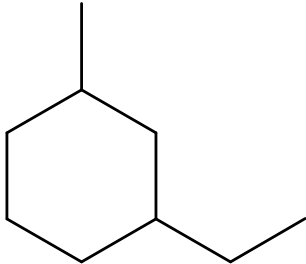


RJEŠENJA OGLEDNOGA ISPITA DRŽAVNE MATURE IZ **KEMIJE**
U ŠKOLSKOJ GODINI 2021./2022.

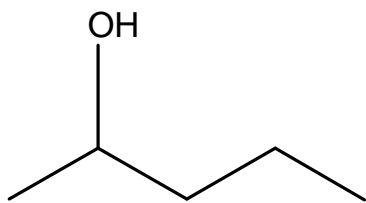
ISPITNA KNJIŽICA 1

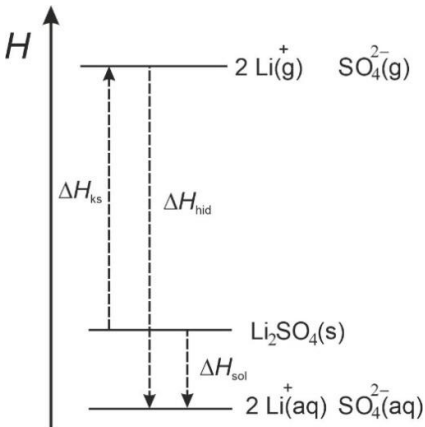
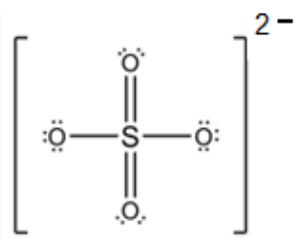
| BROJ ZADATKA | ODGOVOR |
|--------------|---------|
| 1. | D |
| 2. | A |
| 3. | D |
| 4. | D |
| 5. | D |
| 6. | B |
| 7. | D |
| 8. | C |
| 9. | D |
| 10. | A |
| 11. | D |
| 12. | B |
| 13. | B |
| 14. | B |
| 15. | D |
| 16. | C |
| 17. | C |
| 18. | B |
| 19. | C |
| 20. | B |
| 21. | A |
| 22. | B |
| 23. | D |
| 24. | C |
| 25. | B |
| 26. | B |
| 27. | D |
| 28. | A |
| 29. | A |
| 30. | A |
| 31. | A |
| 32. | A |
| 33. | B |
| 34. | B |
| 35. | C |

ISPITNA KNJIŽICA 2

| BR. ZAD. | ODGOVOR | BOD |
|----------|---|--|
| 1.1. |  | 1 BOD |
| 1.2. | N_2O_3 | 1 BOD |
| 2. | $N(C) = \frac{w(C) \cdot M_r(\text{spoj})}{A_r(C)} = \frac{0,40 \cdot 60,06}{12,01} = 2$ $N(H) = \frac{w(H) \cdot M_r(\text{spoj})}{A_r(H)} = \frac{0,067 \cdot 60,06}{1,01} = 4$ $N(O) = \frac{w(O) \cdot M_r(\text{spoj})}{A_r(O)} = \frac{0,533 \cdot 60,06}{16,0} = 2$ $N(C) : N(H) : N(O) = 2 : 4 : 2$ <p>Molekulska formula spoja jest $C_2H_4O_2$.</p> $\frac{C_2H_4O_2}{2} = CH_2O$ <p>Empirijska formula spoja jest CH_2O.</p> | <p>1 BOD za empirijsku formulu ili izraz za brojnost pojedinih atoma</p> <p>1 BOD za točno napisanu molekulsku formulu</p> |
| 3.1. | Plošno-centrirana kubična jedinična ćelija | 1 BOD |
| 3.2. | $V(\text{jedinične ćelije}) = a^3 = (409 \text{ pm})^3 = 6,84 \cdot 10^7 \text{ pm}^3$ $Z = 4$ $V(\text{atom, srebro}) = \frac{\varphi \cdot V(\text{jedinične ćelije})}{Z} = \frac{0,74 \cdot 6,84 \cdot 10^7 \text{ pm}^3}{4} = 1,26 \cdot 10^7 \text{ pm}^3$ $V(\text{atom, srebro}) = 1,26 \cdot 10^7 \text{ pm}^3$ | 1 BOD |
| 4.1. | $CH_3CH_2OH \xrightarrow{H_2SO_4} H_2C=CH_2 + H_2O$ | 1 BOD |
| 4.2. | $H_2C=CH_2 + Br_2 \rightarrow Br-CH_2-CH_2-Br$ | 1 BOD |
| 5.1. | $CH_3CH_2COOH(aq) + H_2O(l) \rightleftharpoons CH_3CH_2COO^-(aq) + H_3O^+(aq)$ | 1 BOD |

| | | |
|------|--|--|
| 5.2. | $K_a = \frac{c(\text{H}_3\text{O}^+) \cdot c(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COO}^-)}{c(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH})}$ $c_{\text{uk}}(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}) = c(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COO}^-) + c(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH})$ $\alpha = \frac{c(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COO}^-)}{c_{\text{uk}}(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH})}$ $K_a = \frac{(\alpha \cdot c_{\text{uk}}(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}))^2}{(1 - \alpha) c_{\text{uk}}(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH})} \approx \alpha^2 \cdot c_{\text{uk}}(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH})$ $\alpha = \sqrt{\frac{K_a}{c_{\text{uk}}(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH})}} = \sqrt{\frac{1,34 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1}}{1,0 \text{ mol L}^{-1}}} = 3,66 \times 10^{-3} = 0,366 \%$ $\alpha = 0,366 \%$ | 1 BOD |
| 6. | $m(\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}_2) = \rho(\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}_2) \cdot V(\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}_2) = 1110 \text{ g dm}^{-3} \cdot 1 \text{ dm}^3 = 1110 \text{ g}$ $m(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = \rho(\text{H}_2\text{O}) \cdot V(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = 1 \text{ kg dm}^{-3} \cdot 1 \text{ dm}^3 = 1 \text{ kg}$ $b(\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}_2) = \frac{n(\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}_2)}{m(\text{H}_2\text{O})} = \frac{m(\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}_2)}{M(\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}_2) \cdot m(\text{H}_2\text{O})} = \frac{1110 \text{ g}}{62,06 \text{ g mol}^{-1} \cdot 1 \text{ kg}} = 17,89 \text{ mol kg}^{-1}$ $\Delta T = i \cdot K_f \cdot b = 1 \cdot 1,86 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1} \cdot 17,89 \text{ mol kg}^{-1} = 33,3 \text{ K}$ $t_L = 0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} - 33,3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} = -33,3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $T_L = 273 \text{ K} - 33,3 \text{ K} = 239,7 \text{ K}$ $t_L = -33,3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}, T_L = 239,7 \text{ K}$ | 1 BOD za točno izračunatu masu $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}_2$ i H_2O 1 BOD za točno izračunatu molalnost $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}_2$ 1 BOD za točno izračunatu ledište |
| 7.1. | $\text{pOH} = -\log(c(\text{OH}^-)/\text{mol L}^{-1}) = -\log 10^{-4} = 4$ $\text{pH} + \text{pOH} = 14 \Rightarrow \text{pH} = 14 - \text{pOH} = 14 - 4 = 10$ <p>pH vodene otopine u boci B pH = 10</p> | 1 BOD |
| 7.2. | $c_2(\text{HCl}) = \frac{c_1(\text{HCl}) \cdot V_1(\text{HCl})}{V_2(\text{HCl})} = \frac{10^{-3} \text{ mol dm}^{-3} \cdot 20 \text{ mL}}{100 \text{ mL}} = 2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ $\text{pH} = -\log(c(\text{H}^+)/\text{mol dm}^{-3}) = 3,7$ $c(\text{otopina}) = 2 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$ <p>pH = 3,7</p> | 1 BOD za točno izračunatu koncentra ciju 1 BOD za točno izračunatu pH- vrijednost |

| | | |
|-------|--|-------|
| 8.1. | $\frac{v(A)}{v(C)} = \frac{\Delta n(A)}{\Delta n(C)} = \frac{\Delta c(A) \cdot V}{\Delta c(C) \cdot V} = \frac{\Delta c(A)}{\Delta c(C)}$ $\Delta c(C) = \Delta c(A) \cdot \frac{v(C)}{v(A)} = -2 \text{ mmol dm}^{-3} \cdot \frac{3}{-1} = 6 \text{ mmol dm}^{-3}$ $\Delta c(C) = c(C)_2 - c(C)_1$ $c(C)_2 = \Delta c(C) + c(C)_1 = 6 \text{ mmol dm}^{-3} + 0 \text{ mmol dm}^{-3} = 6 \text{ mmol dm}^{-3}$ $c(C) = 6 \text{ mmol dm}^{-3}$ | 1 BOD |
| 8.2. | $\bar{v} = \frac{\Delta c(A)}{v(A) \cdot \Delta t} = \frac{-2 \text{ mmol dm}^{-3}}{-1 \cdot 5 \text{ min}} = 0,4 \text{ mmol dm}^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1}$ <p>Prosječna brzina kemijske reakcije jest $0,4 \text{ mmol dm}^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1}$.</p> | 1 BOD |
| 8.3. | Ravnoteža će se pomaknuti ulijevo prema reaktantima. | 1 BOD |
| 9.1. | eliminaciji | 1 BOD |
| 9.2. | $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2 + \text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{Cl})\text{CH}_3$ | 1 BOD |
| 9.3. |  | 1 BOD |
| 9.4. | II | 1 BOD |
| 10.1. | $\text{Mn}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + \text{Ce}^{4+}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Mn}^{3+}(\text{aq}) + \text{Ce}^{3+}(\text{aq})$ | 1 BOD |
| 10.2. | $K = \frac{[\text{Ce}^{3+}] \cdot [\text{Mn}^{3+}]}{[\text{Ce}^{4+}] \cdot [\text{Mn}^{2+}]} = 15 \cdot 215 = 3225$ $K_c = 3225$ | 1 BOD |
| 10.3. | Povećat će se koncentracija Mn^{3+} iona. | 1 BOD |
| 10.4. | $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2 3d^2$ ili $[\text{Ar}] 4s^2 3d^2$ | 1 BOD |
| 11.1. | egzoterman | 1 BOD |

| | | |
|-------|--|-------|
| 11.2. |  | 1 BOD |
| 11.3. |  | 1 BOD |
| 11.4. | tetraedarske | 1 BOD |
| 12.1. | elektrolitski most | 1 BOD |
| 12.2. | $\text{Fe(s)} \mid \text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{aq}) \parallel \text{Ag}^{+}(\text{aq}) \mid \text{Ag(s)}$ ili $\text{Fe(s)} \mid \text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{aq}) \parallel \text{Ag}^{+}(\text{aq}) \mid \text{Ag(s)}$ | 1 BOD |
| 12.3. | $\text{Fe(s)} \rightarrow \text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + 2 \text{e}^{-}$ | 1 BOD |
| 12.4. | Kemijska energija pretvara se u električnu energiju. | 1 BOD |